

# FAST HIGH VOLTAGE THYRISTOR SWITCHES

These solid-state switches are designed for high voltage high peak current switching applications such as shock wave generators, flash lamp drivers, crow bar circuits and surge generators. The switching modules contain a large number of reverse blocking thyristors (SCR) connected in series and in parallel. Each single thyristor is controlled by its own low-impedance gate drive, which allows an extremely large di/dt without reduction of reliability and life expectancy.

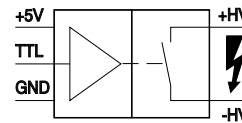
The safe and synchronous control of all SCR's is performed by a patented driver which also provides the high galvanic isolation necessary for high-side circuits and safety-relevant applications.

In contrast to conventional high voltage switches like spark gaps, electron tubes, gas discharge tubes and mechanical switches, thyristor switches of the HTS-SCR series show very low jitter and stable switching characteristics independent of temperature and age. The mean time between failures (MTBF) is by several orders of magnitude higher than that of the classical HV switches.

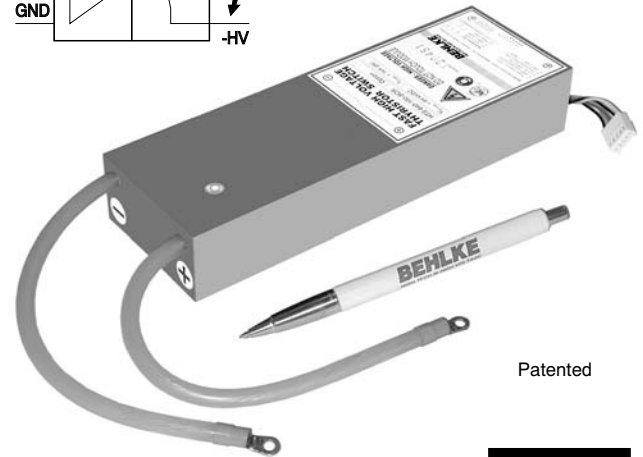
An interference-proof control circuit provides signal conditioning, auxiliary voltage monitoring, frequency limitation and temperature protection. In case of false operating conditions the switches are immediately inhibited and a fault signal is generated. Three LED's indicate the operating state.

The switches are triggered by a positive going pulse of 3-6 Volts. The switching behaviour will not be influenced by the trigger rise time or the trigger amplitude. After being triggered the switches remain in on-state until the load current drops below the holding current (typical thyristor behaviour). Therefore the turn-off process requires a current commutation, a current limitation or a current bypass. Capacitor discharge applications with charging currents less than the holding current do not require special turn-off measures. In all other cases the switches can be turned off by a slight current reversal, which is given in most pulsed power applications anyway. If the current reversal is higher than 10% and if the periodic duration of the current is shorter than 1 ms, a free-wheeling diode (e.g. Behlke FDA) must be used to avoid hard turn-off, which can damage the switching module under certain circumstances. Please also compare the application note below. For further design recommendations please refer to the general instructions for use.

**HTS 640-100-SCR** 64 kVDC / 1kA pk.  
**HTS 800-100-SCR** 80 kVDC / 1kA pk.



HTS 640-100-SCR  
Standard Model

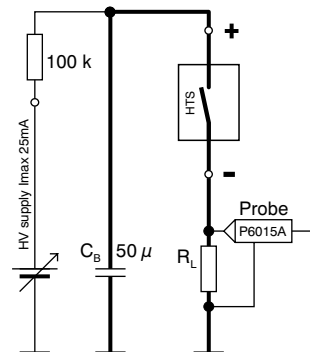


Patented



**Compact Design**  
**Extremely High di/dt**  
**High Surge Current Capability**

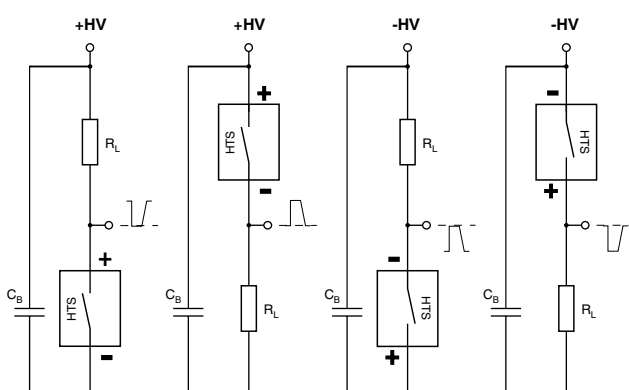
## Test Circuit for $t_{r(on)}$



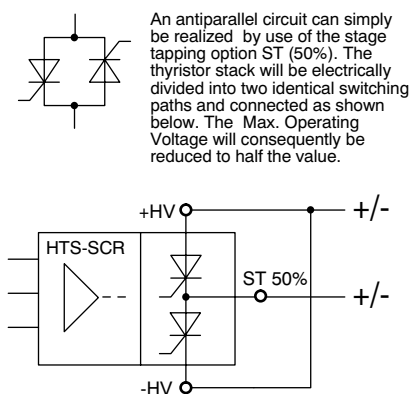
### Notes:

1. Total wiring inductance < 50 nH
2.  $C_B$  is a MAXWELL low inductance energy storage capacitor (<10 nH)
3.  $R_L$  depends on voltage and peak current test conditions. Low inductance mass resistors, CESIWID series 900, washer style, 3 inch disc diameter,  $E_{max}=27600$  J/disc.
4. High-voltage probe TEKTRONIX P 6015 A must be connected by the Kelvin method to exclude measurement errors.

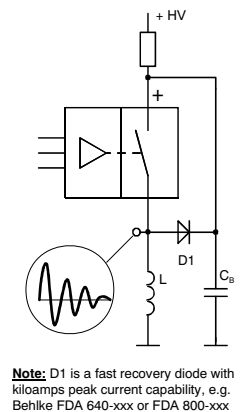
## Basic Circuits



## Antiparallel Circuit using Option ST



## Inductive Load



# TECHNICAL DATA

| Specification                              | Symbol            | Condition / Comment   | 640-100-SCR  | 800-100-SCR                      | Unit                     |     |
|--|-------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| Maximum Operating Voltage                  | $V_{O(max)}$      | $I_{off} < 250 \sigma ADC$ , $T_{case} = 70^{\circ}C$   | 64   | 80                               | kVDC                     |     |
| Minimum Operating Voltage                  | $V_{O(min)}$      | Increased turn-on rise time at low operating voltages   | 0  |                                  | kVDC                     |     |
| Typical Breakdown Voltage                  | $V_{br}$          | $I_{off} > 3 \text{ mADC}$ , $T_{case} = 70^{\circ}C$   | 72   | 88                               | kVDC                     |     |
| Maximum Off-State Current                  | $I_{off}$         | $0.8 \times V_O$ , $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ , lower leakage current on request  | 150  |                                  | $\mu ADC$                |     |
| Galvanic Isolation                         | $V_I$             | HV side against control side, continuously  | 70   | 90                               | kVDC                     |     |
| Maximum Turn-On Peak Current               | $I_{P(max)}$      | $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ , half sine single pulse. Please note $P_{d(max)}$ limitations!  | $t_p < 100 \mu s$ , duty cycle $< 1\%$<br>$t_p < 500 \mu s$ , duty cycle $< 1\%$<br>$t_p < 1 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle $< 1\%$<br>$t_p < 10 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle $< 1\%$<br>$t_p < 100 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle $< 1\%$ | 1000<br>800<br>650<br>240<br>115 | ADC                      |     |
| Max. Non-repetitive Peak Current           | $I_{P(nr)}$       | $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$  | Please consult factory   |                                  | ADC                      |     |
| Max. Continuous Load Current               | $I_L$             | $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$  | Increased $I_L$ on request   |                                  | ADC                      |     |
| Typical Holding Current                    | $I_H$             |   | $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$<br>$T_{case} = 70^{\circ}C$   | 100<br>70                        | mADC                     |     |
| Typical On-State Voltage                   | $V_{sat}$         | $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$<br>$t_p < 10 \mu s$ ,<br>duty cycle $< 1\%$  | $0.001 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$0.01 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$0.1 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$1.0 \times I_{P(max)}$  | 29<br>34<br>86<br>480            | 36<br>42<br>108<br>600   | VDC |
| Typical Turn-On Delay Time                 | $t_{d(on)}$       | $0.1 I_{P(max)}$ , $0.8 \times V_{O(max)}$ resistive load, 50-50%   | 200  | 210                              | ns                       |     |
| Typical Turn-On Rise Time                  | $t_{r(on)}$       | Resistive load,<br>10-80 %  | $0.1 \times V_{O(max)}$ , $0.1 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$0.8 \times V_{O(max)}$ , $0.1 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$0.8 \times V_{O(max)}$ , $0.5 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$0.8 \times V_{O(max)}$ , $1.0 \times I_{P(max)}$           | 880<br>130<br>220<br>270         | 900<br>150<br>240<br>310 | ns  |
| Typical Turn-Off Time                      | $t_{off}$ , $t_q$ | Inductive load with free-wheeling diode   | $0.1 \times I_{P(max)}$<br>$1.0 \times I_{P(max)}$   | 40<br>100                        | $\mu s$                  |     |
| Critical Rate-of-Rise of Off-State Voltage | $dv/dt$           | @ $V_{O(max)}$ , exponential waveform   | 96   | 120                              | kV/ $\mu s$              |     |
| Maximum On-Time                            | $t_{on(max)}$     | Please note $P_{d(max)}$ limitations!   | Infinitely if $I_L > I_H$  |                                  |                          |     |
| Typical Turn-On Jitter                     | $t_{j(on)}$       | $V_{aux} / V_{tr} = 5.00 \text{ VDC}$   | 1  |                                  | ns                       |     |
| Max. Switching Frequency                   | $f_{(max)}$       | Please note $P_{d(max)}$ limitations!   | 6  | 5                                | kHz                      |     |
| Maximum Burst Frequency                    | $f_{b(max)}$      | HFB option required, @ $0.1 \times I_{P(max)}$  | 20   |                                  | kHz                      |     |
| Max. Continuous Power Dissipation          | $P_{d(max)}$      | $T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ , increased $P_{d(max)}$ on request. Power losses are determined by $P_{d \ 3} V_{sat} \times I_L \times \text{duty factor}$ | 20   | 24                               | Watts                    |     |
| Linear Derating                            |                   | Above $25^{\circ}C$   | 0.444  | 0.533                            | W/K                      |     |
| Operating Temperature Range                | $T_O$             | Extended temperature range on request   | -40...70   |                                  | $^{\circ}C$              |     |
| Storage Temperature Range                  | $T_S$             |   | -50...90   |                                  | $^{\circ}C$              |     |
| Coupling Capacitance                       | $C_C$             | HV side against control side  | 30   | 35                               | pF                       |     |
| Auxiliary Supply Voltage                   | $V_{aux}$         | Stabilized to $\pm 5\%$ ( $\pm 1\%$ recommended for low jitter)   | 5.00 ( $\pm 5\%$ )   |                                  | VDC                      |     |
| Auxiliary Supply Current                   | $I_{aux}$         | @ $f_{(max)}$ , current limitation to $< 1A$ is recommended   | 600  |                                  | mADC                     |     |
| Trigger Pulse Voltage Range                | $V_{tr}$          | Trigger signals above 5 VDC are clamped internally  | 3-6  |                                  | VDC                      |     |
| Minimum Trigger Pulse Width                |                   | Trigger pulse has no influence on switching behaviour   | $> 50$   |                                  | ns                       |     |
| Fault Signal Output Voltage                |                   | Output goes low if $V_{aux} < 4.75 \text{ VDC}$ , if $T_O > 75^{\circ}C$ or if $f_{(max)}$ or $f_{b(max)}$ is exceeded substantially                  | Low: $< 0.5 \text{ VDC}$<br>High: $> 4 \text{ VDC}$  |                                  |                          |     |
| Fault Signal Output Load                   |                   | Sink / source current. Output is short circuit proof.   | 10   |                                  | mADC                     |     |
| LED Indicators                             |                   | Green: Power / Ready<br>Yellow: Flashes when triggered successfully<br>Red: Indicates the above mentioned fault conditions                            |  |                                  |                          |     |
| Typ. Insulation Strength of Housing        | $V_{Ins}$         | <b>Caution:</b> Keep appropriate distance between module housing and all conductive elements of the set-up!   | 20   |                                  | kVDC                     |     |
| Dimensions                                 |                   | Standard case, other housing dimensions on request  | 206x70x35  | 250x70x35                        | mm <sup>3</sup>          |     |
| Weight                                     |                   | Standard case, reduced weight on request  | 880  | 1020                             | g                        |     |

## Ordering Information

**HTS 640-100-SCR** Thyristor switch, 64 kVDC, 1000 A (pk)

**HTS 800-100-SCR** Thyristor switch, 80 kVDC, 1000 A (pk)

**Option HFB** High frequency burst

**Option LP**

Low pass at trigger input

**Option ST**

Stage tapping (pls. indicate the tapping position in %)

**Option UL94-V0**

Flame retardend casting resin UL94-V0

All data and specifications subject to change without notice. Custom designed devices on request.

800-100-SCR-10.01